THE CROSSING By Kevin Vaughan Photos by Chris Schneider Rocky Mountain News



At the wheel: Duane Harms, 23, posed for this photo, arranged by his lawyer after the crash, to show how he had to twist his body to see down the railroad tracks.

As he faced the railroad tracks at 7:59 a.m. on Dec. 14, 1961, doing a job he never wanted, school bus driver Duane Harms was perched at a precipice.

Life as it had always been in the Au- children of German-Russian and Swed- passenger train in the world. And in the ping away.

A 23-year-old with a newborn daughter, Harmshad been content as a janitor at Delta Elementary outside Greeley. nurse's aide at Weld County General The work kept him busy, and it was only Hospital in Greeley. He drove a delivery temporary, anyway, while his wife fin- truck six days a week. Their monthly inished college and earned her teaching come - \$200 - allowed them to buycertificate. But his boss wanted him to their 23-acre farm in Auburn in 1957. drive the bus, and after days of wrangling he'd finally agreed to add that to bled together from two old shacks that meals on Union Pacific china. Sipped cofhis cleaning duties.

tent, too, with their three-room country and Juanita slept in a bed in the living school, where generations of kids had room. In their kitchen sat a luxury that learned to read and write and add and would have been unthinkable only a few subtract. Many could walk to the years before—an electric range. Juanita blond-brick schoolhouse. Some rode hadn't forgotten her childhood scavengtheir horses, tying them up out back be- ing in the fields for dry cow chips to burn tween the old outhouses.

But those times were gone. The Auburn school was shuttered. Now, the overnight shift at the hospital, stood in boys and girls stamped their feet and front of her electric range and cooked fidgeted against the brutally cold morn-breakfast. Saturdays and Sundays ing, farm kids on the edge of the road, waiting to board the bus.

up in wool coats and hand-knitted mit- oatmeal or Cream of Wheat tens and caps. Boys pulled rubber galoshes over their shoes

They carried their books — *Learning* through the old, creaky windows in the To Use Arithmetic and Roads to Every- drafty house. The neighbor kids got *where* — under their arms with their their first driving lessons in the family's three-ring binders. They clutched sack 1940 International pickup. With the lunches.

They were living on the cusp of tremencouldn't stall the engine, and they dous change — in the country, in Colocouldn't go more than 2 or 3 mph. rado, in Auburn. John F. Kennedy-the The Larson farm sat a half mile from youngest American president and the the Union Pacific tracks, which cut difirst born in the 20th century — was cele- agonally through Auburn in a straight. brating his first Christmas season in the six-mile line into LaSalle White House. Just the night before, he and first lady Jacqueline Bouvier Near the end of an era Kennedy attended a party for White Twice a day the City of Denver stream-House employees in the East Room. liner pounded down those rails, close In Colorado, a wave of school district

enough that the people of Auburn could consolidationshad swept the state. see her hurry past. Each morning, she Less than two generations before, the thumped by, heading west, an hour away state had more than 2,000 districts, from the end of her Chicago-to-Denver many with only one building. run. Each afternoon, she hammered by By the mid-1950s, a legislative study on her way to the Windy City.

had declared reorganization of Colo-

rado's school districts the state's top educational priority. Between 1956 and 1961, nearly 700 had been eliminated. Only 275 remained One victim was the Auburn district, about five miles southeast of Greeley.

Little money but not poor

scratched out a life in the flat fields, sometimes working 20 hours a day, fix- Ed" Johnson, busted a bottle of chaming whatever broke, sewing their own clothes, making do with what they had. Many rented their homes and land, and some farm workers lived in houses provided by their employers.

They grew their own vegetables. but chered their own chickens.Most of them — children and grand- stops. She was the fastest long-distance

CHAPTER 4: ON THE CUSP

fortunate.

Art and Juanita Larson certainly did. She put in 28 or 29 days a month as a in luxury.

They lived in a three-room home cobonce housed farm laborers. Their four The people of Auburn had been con-kids slept in one room in bunk beds. Art in a wood stove.

Now Juanita drove home after her meant bacon and eggs, toast, warmed-up potatoes or hash browns. Girls wore print dresses and bundled On school days like this one, she fixed

A kerosene heater fought an ongoing battle against the cold that leaked truck's low "granny gear," the kids

The train had been christened amid fanfare and champagne on June 18, 1936. as a joint venture of two railroad lines. That afternoon, Fredrika Sargent, whose father was president of the Chicago and Northwestern Railway Co., took two whacks with a bottle of champagne over the nose of an engine in Chicago, inaugurating the line. Less than a minute later, The farm families of Auburn at Denver's Union Station, Janet Grace Johnson, daughter of Colorado Gov. "Big pagne over the prow of a sister locomo-

Then they were off — the twin maiden voyages of the City of Denver.

The 12-cartrain in Chicago covered the 1,048 miles to Denver in 16 hours — an average of 65.5 miles per hour, including

burn farming community hung there ish immigrants who came to America days before air travel was safe, easy and inwith him, its final seconds quickly slip- with nothing — considered themselves expensive, before the interstate highway system snaked around the country, she shuttled her passengers across the land

> As close as she was to the people of Auburn - close enough that they could feel the power in her diesel locomotives—she was out of reach for many of them. A one-way, first-classticket was \$39.95, plus taxes. Her passengers ate seven-course fee in comfort as the train thrummed along at 80 mph. Wiped their mouths with linen napkins.

They gazed out of the glass-domed coaches as the landscape streamed past. Slept comfortably in Pullman cars. Rarely heard the rumble of the locomotives or the full-throated wail of her air horns at crossings

But on this day, as the City of Denver dashed through the farm fields of Auburn, the train was doomed. It would be a decade before her obituary was finally written, but the Boeing 707 was already in the air, and it could make the Chicago-to-Denver hop in less than three

Herbert F. Sommers, the 64-year-old engineer at the throttle of the City of Denver, was a creature of that dying era. For more than 40 years, the railroad was all he had ever known. Two months before Pearl Harbor, he'd been promoted to engi-

For years, he'd lived the nomadic life of a railroad man, shuttling freight trains up and down the rails at all hours of the day and night. Then, as the autumn of 1961 arrived, he snagged a coveted slot on the City of Denver.

About three months later, at 7:59 a.m. on Dec. 14, 1961, his locomotive, its horn blasting, roared for the angled crossing $2^{1/2}$ miles from LaSalle, where Duane Harms had to twist around in his seat to see if a train was coming

At the crossing, Harms thought everything was clear for him and the 36 children aboard his school bus. He wrapped his right hand around the big polished lever in the middle of the dashboard, shoving the door closed.

As Harms let out the clutch. the bus trembled and started for the tracks.

Jerry Hembry, a 16-year-old in the front seat next to the door, raised his arm and wiped the frost from the window next to him. He glanced down the tracks, saw nothing coming, then turned and looked forward. As the front wheels of the bus bumped across the rails, he turned to his right again

In that instant, he saw the bright vellow headlight and the bright vellow nose of the City of Denver's lead engine bearing down on them.

He instinctively grabbed for the shiny steel pole to his left and shouted: "Train!

SATURDAY: 63 inches

About this series

In just seconds, 20 children died, and a community was devastated.

At 7:59 a.m. on Dec. 14, 1961, a high-speed passenger train smashed into a school bus carrying 36 students in the farm country of Weld County. It was the worst traffic accident in Colorado history. Only 16 children and the bus driver survived.

We cannot know how today's tragedies - Columbine, Oklahoma City, Sept. 11 - wil ripple over a lifetime.

But 45 years after that bitter morning outside Greeley, we can see - if not fully understand how a single moment has the power to uncoil through decades, shaping people for the rest of their lives.

Online at RockyMountainN



■ Video: A closer look at the lives of three families affected by the tragedy.

Slide show: Life in Weld County in 1961.

Discuss: Chat live with reporter Kevin Vaughan at 11 a.m. on RockyTalk Live. Share your thoughts on the series and read others' comments. Sources: Read an annotated version of the story listing sources of information. ■ Earlier chapters: See previous installments in the 33-part series

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